



Yet Another English

Политика и власть • B1

B1

44 слова

с переводом и примерами

Слова подборки

army /'ɑ:mi/ **B1**

армия

a large organised group of soldiers trained to fight on land

He served in the army for five years.

Он служил в армии пять лет.

battle /'bæt.əl/ **B1**

битва

a fight between two armies or groups, especially in a war

The battle lasted three days and resulted in heavy casualties.

Битва длилась три дня и унесла много жизней.

bureau /'bjʊərəʊ/ **B1**

бюро

a government department or office that deals with a specific matter

She contacted the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the data.

Она обратилась в Бюро статистики труда за данными.

citizenship /'sɪtɪzənʃɪp/ **B1**

гражданство

the legal right to be a citizen of a particular country

She applied for British citizenship after living in the UK for ten years.

После десяти лет жизни в Великобритании она подала заявление на британское гражданство.

compromise 'kɒmprəmaɪz **B1**

компромисс

an agreement where both sides give up something they want in order to reach a solution

After long discussions, they reached a compromise that satisfied both parties.

После долгих переговоров они пришли к компромиссу, удовлетворившему обе стороны.

conflict /'kɒnflɪkt/ **B1**

конфликт

a serious disagreement or argument between people or groups

The conflict between the two countries lasted for years.

Конфликт между двумя странами длился годами.

conquer 'kɒŋkə (B1)

завоевывать

To take control of a country or people by military force; to succeed in dealing with a problem or difficulty

She finally conquered her fear of public speaking after months of practice.

После нескольких месяцев тренировок она наконец победила свой страх перед публичными выступлениями.

conservative /kən'sɜːvətɪv/ (B1)

консервативный

not liking change; favouring traditional values and beliefs; also moderate in amount

He has a conservative attitude towards new technology.

Он консервативно относится к новым технологиям.

constitution /ˌkɒnstɪ'tjuːʃn/ (B1)

конституция

the basic laws of a country that describe the rights of people and the power of the government

Freedom of speech is protected by the constitution.

Свобода слова закреплена конституцией.

council /'kaʊnsl/ (B1)

совет

a group of people elected to manage a town, city, or region

The local council voted to build a new library.

Местный совет проголосовал за строительство новой библиотеки.

county /'kaʊnti/ (B1)

графство

an administrative region of a country, especially in the UK or US

She lives in the county of Kent.

Она живёт в графстве Кент.

democracy /dɪ'mɒkrəsi/ (B1)

демократия

a system of government in which people vote to elect their leaders

Free elections are the basis of democracy.

Свободные выборы — основа демократии.

democratic /ˌdemə'krætɪk/ (B1)

демократический

based on democracy; involving equal participation of all people

The country held its first democratic elections last year.

В прошлом году в стране прошли первые демократические выборы.

demonstration /ˌdemən'streɪʃn/ B1

демонстрация

a public gathering to show support for or against something; an act of showing how something works

Thousands of people took part in the demonstration against the new law.

Тысячи людей приняли участие в демонстрации против нового закона.

dynasty /'dɪnəsti/ B1

династия

A series of rulers from the same family who govern a country one after another over a long period

The Ming dynasty ruled China for nearly three hundred years.

Династия Мин правила Китаем почти триста лет.

election /ɪ'lekʃn/ B1

выборы

the process of choosing a person or group by voting

The president was chosen in a democratic election.

Президент был избран на демократических выборах.

emperor /'empərə/ B1

император

a man who rules an empire (a group of countries under one ruler)

Napoleon declared himself Emperor of France in 1804.

Наполеон провозгласил себя императором Франции в 1804 году.

empire /'empaɪə/ B1

империя

a group of countries ruled by one person or government

The Roman Empire lasted for centuries.

Римская империя просуществовала несколько веков.

enemy 'enəmi B1

враг

A person who hates you or wants to harm you; a country or group you are at war with

The two men became enemies after the argument.

После ссоры оба мужчины стали врагами.

govern 'ɡlʌn B1

управлять

To officially control and manage a country, state, or organization and make all the decisions about laws and taxes.

The party has governed the country for the past ten years.

Партия управляла страной последние десять лет.

governor /ˈɡʌvənə/ (B1)

губернатор

the person in charge of a state or region, especially in the USA

The governor signed the new law yesterday.

Вчера губернатор подписал новый закон.

internationally ˌɪntəˈnæʃənəli (B1)

на международном уровне

involving or relating to many different countries

The product is sold internationally in over 50 countries.

Продукт продаётся на международном уровне в более чем 50 странах.

invasion ɪnˈveɪzən (B1)

вторжение

an occasion when an army enters a country or region by force; an unwanted and harmful entrance

The invasion of the country caused widespread destruction and suffering.

Вторжение в страну вызвало масштабные разрушения и страдания.

liberate ˈlɪbəreɪt (B1)

освобождать

to free someone from a situation that limits their freedom or rights

The army liberated the city after months of occupation.

Армия освободила город после нескольких месяцев оккупации.

liberation ˌlɪbəˈreɪʃən/ (B1)

освобождение

The act of freeing someone from oppression, imprisonment, or restrictions.

The liberation of the city was celebrated with great joy.

Освобождение города отпраздновали с большой радостью.

mayor /meə/ (B1)

мэр

the person elected to be the leader of the government of a town or city

The mayor officially opened the new sports centre.

Мэр официально открыл новый спортивный центр.

nationalist /ˈnæʃənəlɪst/ (B1)

националист

A person who believes strongly that their country should be independent or superior to others

The nationalists called for full independence from the central government.

Националисты призывали к полной независимости от центрального правительства.

neutral /'nju:trəl/ **B1**

нейтральный

not supporting any side in a disagreement or war; having no strong qualities or features

Switzerland remained neutral during both world wars.

Швейцария оставалась нейтральной в обеих мировых войнах.

opposition ,ɒpə'zɪʃən **B1**

оппозиция

Strong disagreement with a plan or policy; the political party or group that disagrees with the government

The plan faced strong opposition from local residents.

План столкнулся с сильным сопротивлением местных жителей.

oppress /ə'pres/ **B1**

угнетать

to treat people in a cruel and unfair way, preventing them from having freedom or equal rights

Throughout history, many rulers have oppressed minority groups in their countries.

На протяжении всей истории многие правители угнетали меньшинства в своих странах.

oppression /ə'preʃn/ **B1**

угнетение

The unfair and cruel treatment of a group of people by those in power.

The people fought for years against the oppression of the colonial rulers.

Люди годами боролись против угнетения со стороны колониальных властей.

policy /'pɒlɪsi/ **B1**

политика

a set of plans or rules for doing something, especially in business or government

The company has a strict policy about punctuality.

В компании строгая политика в отношении пунктуальности.

politician /,pɒlɪ'tɪʃn/ **B1**

политик

A person who works in politics, especially one who has been elected to a government position

The politician promised to reduce unemployment if elected.

Политик обещал снизить безработицу в случае избрания.

politics 'pɒlɪtiks **B1**

политика

the activities and affairs involved in managing a country or area, or competing for power

She is very interested in local politics.

Она очень интересуется местной политикой.

president /ˈprezɪdənt/ (B1)

президент

the leader of a republic or the head of an organization

The president gave a speech to the nation.

Президент обратился с речью к нации.

protest /ˈprəʊtest/ (B1)

протест

a strong public complaint or disagreement about something, often involving demonstrations

Thousands of people joined the protest against the new education policy.

Тысячи людей присоединились к протесту против новой образовательной политики.

representative /ˌreprɪˈzentətɪv/ (B1)

представитель

a person who speaks or acts on behalf of others

The company sent a representative to the conference.

Компания направила своего представителя на конференцию.

republic /rɪˈpʌblɪk/ (B1)

республика

a country governed by elected representatives, with an elected or appointed president rather than a king or queen

France is a republic.

Франция — республика.

reunification ˌriːjuːnɪfɪˈkeɪʃən (B1)

воссоединение

the process of joining together two or more countries, groups, or parts that were previously separated

German reunification took place in 1990 after the fall of the Berlin Wall.

Воссоединение Германии произошло в 1990 году после падения Берлинской стены.

reunify /ˌriːˈjuːnɪfaɪ/ (B1)

воссоединять

to bring divided parts of a country or group together again as a single unit

After years of division, efforts were made to reunify the country.

После многолетнего разделения были предприняты усилия по воссоединению страны.

superpower /ˈsuːpəpaʊə/ (B2)

сверхдержава

a very powerful and influential country, especially one with military and economic strength

The United States and the Soviet Union were the two superpowers during the Cold War.

Соединённые Штаты и Советский Союз были двумя сверхдержавами во время Холодной войны.

terrorism /ˈtɛrərɪz(ə)m/ **B1**

терроризм

The use of violence and fear to try to achieve political goals

The government has passed new laws to combat terrorism.

Правительство приняло новые законы для борьбы с терроризмом.

the enemy ði 'enəmi **B1**

враг

a country or group of people that you are fighting against in a war

The enemy attacked at dawn.

Враг атаковал на рассвете.

unify /ˈjuː.nɪ.faɪ/ **B1**

объединять

to bring people or things together into a single unit or group

The new law helped to unify the country's various legal codes.

Новый закон помог унифицировать различные правовые кодексы страны.

Чек-лист самопроверки

Закрой правую колонку, вспомни перевод — отметь выученное.

☐	army	армия
☐	battle	битва
☐	bureau	бюро
☐	citizenship	гражданство
☐	compromise	компромисс
☐	conflict	конфликт
☐	conquer	завоёвывать
☐	conservative	консервативный
☐	constitution	конституция
☐	council	совет
☐	county	графство
☐	democracy	демократия
☐	democratic	демократический
☐	demonstration	демонстрация
☐	dynasty	династия
☐	election	выборы
☐	emperor	император
☐	empire	империя
☐	enemy	враг
☐	govern	управлять
☐	governor	губернатор
☐	internationally	на международном уровне
☐	invasion	вторжение
☐	liberate	освобождать
☐	liberation	освобождение
☐	mayor	мэр
☐	nationalist	националист
☐	neutral	нейтральный
☐	opposition	оппозиция
☐	oppress	угнетать
☐	oppression	угнетение
☐	policy	политика
☐	politician	политик
☐	politics	политика
☐	president	президент
☐	protest	протест

☐ representative	представитель
☐ republic	республика
☐ reunification	воссоединение
☐ reunify	воссоединять
☐ superpower	сверхдержава
☐ terrorism	терроризм
☐ the enemy	враг
☐ unify	объединять